

5.6 Solve Problems Involving Quadratic Relations

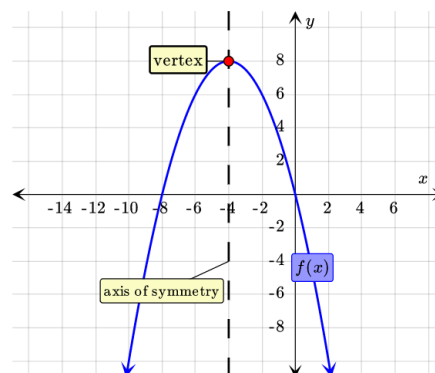
A Vertex Form

The Vertex Form of a quadratic relation

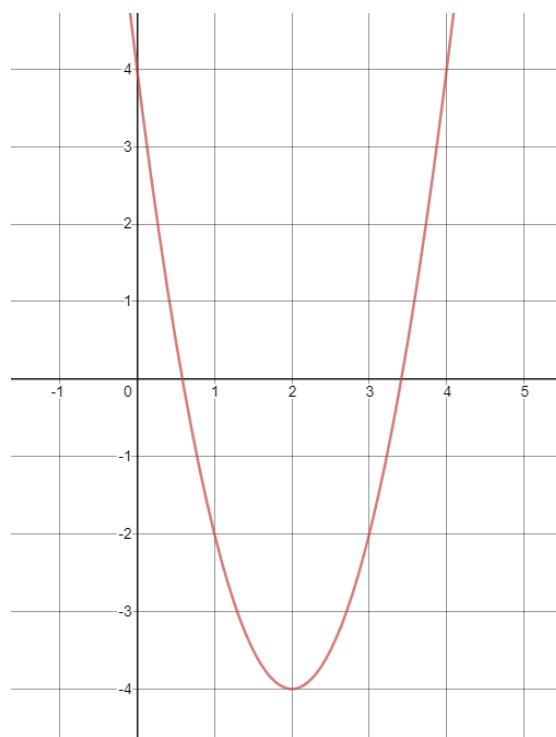
$$y = a(x - h)^2 + k$$

allows

- ✓ Finding the vertex point: $V(h, k)$
- ✓ Finding the y-intercept: substitute $x = 0$ and find y
- ✓ Finding the equation of the axis of symmetry: $x = h$



Example 1. Find the equation of the following quadratic relation given graphically.



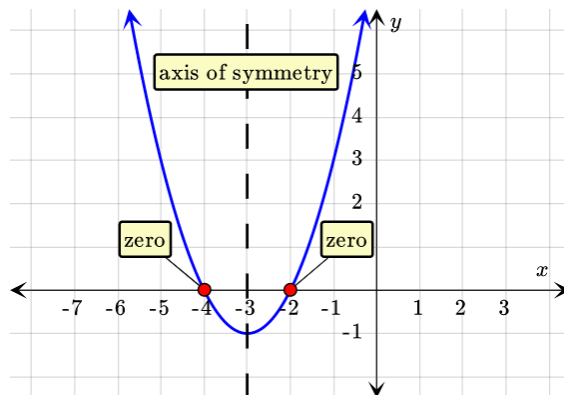
B Factored Form

The Factored Form of a quadratic relation

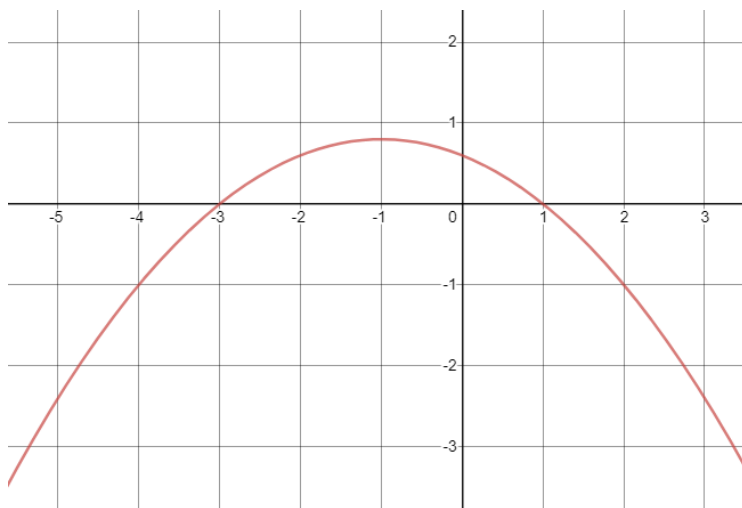
$$y = a(x - x_1)(x - x_2)$$

allows

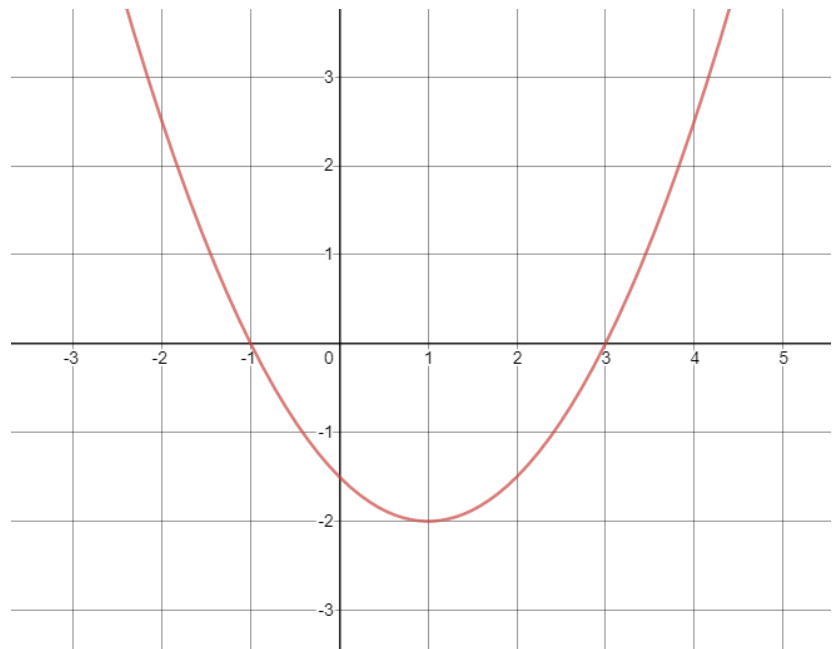
- ✓ Finding the x-intercepts x_1 and x_2
- ✓ Finding the y-intercept: substitute $x = 0$ and find y
- ✓ Finding the x coordinate of the vertex point: $h = \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}$
- ✓ Finding the y coordinate of the vertex point: substitute $x = h$ and find k



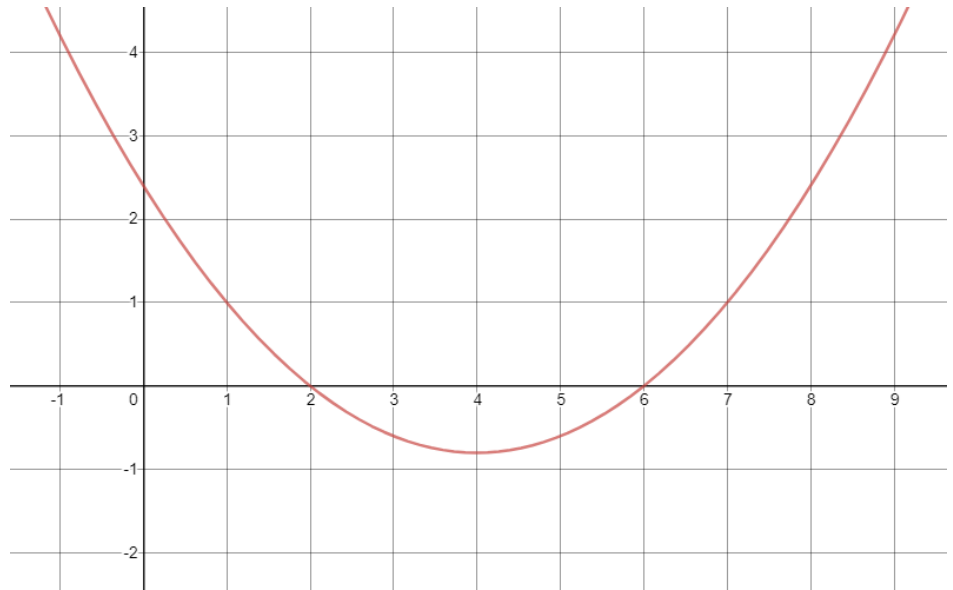
Example 2. Find the equation of the following quadratic relation given graphically.



Example 3. Find the equation of the following quadratic relation given graphically.



Example 4. Find the equation of the following quadratic relation given graphically.



Notes: Textbook Pages 276-280

Homework: Textbook Pages 281 #1ab, 2ab, 3ab, 4ab, 5ab

Practice Test Page 288 #1-11