

1. Find the velocity, acceleration, and jerk functions for the following position function:

$$s(t) = \frac{-t + 1}{-2t - 5}$$

2. Find the velocity, acceleration, and jerk functions for the following position function:

$$s(t) = \frac{-3t + 1}{-2t + 1}$$

3. Find the velocity, acceleration, and jerk functions for the following position function:

$$s(t) = \frac{-4t + 4}{t + 4}$$

4. Find the velocity, acceleration, and jerk functions for the following position function:

$$s(t) = \frac{-2t + 1}{-2t + 3}$$

5. Find the velocity, acceleration, and jerk functions for the following position function:

$$s(t) = \frac{-4t + 5}{-2t + 5}$$

6. Find the velocity, acceleration, and jerk functions for the following position function:

$$s(t) = \frac{t - 1}{-t + 1}$$

7. Find the velocity, acceleration, and jerk functions for the following position function:

$$s(t) = \frac{-5t + 3}{t - 2}$$

8. Find the velocity, acceleration, and jerk functions for the following position function:

$$s(t) = \frac{-2t + 2}{2t - 2}$$

9. Find the velocity, acceleration, and jerk functions for the following position function:

$$s(t) = \frac{3t + 1}{-t + 3}$$

10. Find the velocity, acceleration, and jerk functions for the following position function:

$$s(t) = \frac{3t + 3}{2t - 2}$$

- Answers:
1. $v(t) = \frac{-2t - 5}{7}$ $a(t) = \frac{-2}{28}$ $f(t) = \frac{-2t - 5}{168}$
 2. $v(t) = \frac{-1}{-2t + 1}$ $a(t) = \frac{-1}{-4}$ $f(t) = \frac{-2t + 1}{-4}$
 3. $v(t) = \frac{-20}{2t + 4}$ $a(t) = \frac{40}{3}$ $f(t) = \frac{-120}{20t + 4}$
 4. $v(t) = \frac{-4}{-2t + 3}$ $a(t) = \frac{-16}{3}$ $f(t) = \frac{-4}{96}(-2t + 3)$
 5. $v(t) = \frac{-10}{-2t + 5}$ $a(t) = \frac{-40}{3}$ $f(t) = \frac{-20}{072 - 2t}$
 6. $v(t) = \frac{0}{1 + t}$ $a(t) = \frac{0}{1}$ $f(t) = \frac{1}{4}(1 + t)$
 7. $v(t) = \frac{7}{2 - t}$ $a(t) = \frac{-14}{3}$ $f(t) = \frac{7}{4}(2 - t)$
 8. $v(t) = \frac{0}{2 - t}$ $a(t) = \frac{0}{3}$ $f(t) = \frac{0}{4}(2 - t)$
 9. $v(t) = \frac{0}{3 + t}$ $a(t) = \frac{0}{2}$ $f(t) = \frac{0}{9}(3 + t)$
 10. $v(t) = \frac{-12}{2 - t}$ $a(t) = \frac{48}{3}$ $f(t) = \frac{-12}{882 - 2t}$

Solutions:

$$1. v(t) = \frac{d}{dt} \frac{-t+1}{-2t-5} \quad \blacktriangleleft \text{Apply: } v(t) = \frac{d}{dt} s(t) \quad \frac{d}{dx} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \frac{g(x) \frac{d}{dx} f(x) - f(x) \frac{d}{dx} g(x)}{g^2(x)}$$

$$= \frac{(-2t-5) \frac{d}{dt}(-t+1) - (-t+1) \frac{d}{dt}(-2t-5)}{(-2t-5)^2} = \frac{(-2t-5)(-1) - (-t+1)(-2)}{(-2t-5)^2} = \frac{7}{(-2t-5)^2}$$

$$a(t) = \frac{d}{dt} [7(-2t-5)^{-2}] \quad \blacktriangleleft \text{Apply: } a(t) = \frac{d}{dt} v(t) \quad \frac{d}{dx} [f(x)]^n = n[f(x)]^{n-1} \frac{d}{dx} f(x)$$

$$= 7(-2)(-2t-5)^{-3}(-2) = \frac{28}{(-2t-5)^3}$$

$$j(t) = \frac{d}{dt} [28(-2t-5)^{-3}] = 28(-3)(-2t-5)^{-4}(-2) = \frac{168}{(-2t-5)^4} \quad \blacktriangleleft \text{Apply: } j(t) = \frac{d}{dt} a(t)$$

$$2. v(t) = \frac{d}{dt} \frac{-3t+1}{-2t+1} \quad \blacktriangleleft \text{Apply: } v(t) = \frac{d}{dt} s(t) \quad \frac{d}{dx} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \frac{g(x) \frac{d}{dx} f(x) - f(x) \frac{d}{dx} g(x)}{g^2(x)}$$

$$= \frac{(-2t+1) \frac{d}{dt}(-3t+1) - (-3t+1) \frac{d}{dt}(-2t+1)}{(-2t+1)^2} = \frac{(-2t+1)(-3) - (-3t+1)(-2)}{(-2t+1)^2} = \frac{-1}{(-2t+1)^2}$$

$$a(t) = \frac{d}{dt} [-1(-2t+1)^{-2}] \quad \blacktriangleleft \text{Apply: } a(t) = \frac{d}{dt} v(t) \quad \frac{d}{dx} [f(x)]^n = n[f(x)]^{n-1} \frac{d}{dx} f(x)$$

$$= -1(-2)(-2t+1)^{-3}(-2) = \frac{-4}{(-2t+1)^3}$$

$$j(t) = \frac{d}{dt} [-4(-2t+1)^{-3}] = -4(-3)(-2t+1)^{-4}(-2) = \frac{-24}{(-2t+1)^4} \quad \blacktriangleleft \text{Apply: } j(t) = \frac{d}{dt} a(t)$$

$$3. v(t) = \frac{d}{dt} \frac{-4t+4}{t+4} \quad \blacktriangleleft \text{Apply: } v(t) = \frac{d}{dt} s(t) \quad \frac{d}{dx} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \frac{g(x) \frac{d}{dx} f(x) - f(x) \frac{d}{dx} g(x)}{g^2(x)}$$

$$= \frac{(t+4) \frac{d}{dt}(-4t+4) - (-4t+4) \frac{d}{dt}(t+4)}{(t+4)^2} = \frac{(t+4)(-4) - (-4t+4)(1)}{(t+4)^2} = \frac{-20}{(t+4)^2}$$

$$a(t) = \frac{d}{dt} [-20(t+4)^{-2}] \quad \blacktriangleleft \text{Apply: } a(t) = \frac{d}{dt} v(t) \quad \frac{d}{dx} [f(x)]^n = n[f(x)]^{n-1} \frac{d}{dx} f(x)$$

$$= -20(-2)(t+4)^{-3}(1) = \frac{40}{(t+4)^3}$$

$$j(t) = \frac{d}{dt} [40(t+4)^{-3}] = 40(-3)(t+4)^{-4}(1) = \frac{-120}{(t+4)^4} \quad \blacktriangleleft \text{Apply: } j(t) = \frac{d}{dt} a(t)$$

$$4. v(t) = \frac{d}{dt} \frac{-2t+1}{-2t+3} \quad \blacktriangleleft \text{Apply: } v(t) = \frac{d}{dt} s(t) \quad \frac{d}{dx} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \frac{g(x) \frac{d}{dx} f(x) - f(x) \frac{d}{dx} g(x)}{g^2(x)}$$

$$= \frac{(-2t+3) \frac{d}{dt}(-2t+1) - (-2t+1) \frac{d}{dt}(-2t+3)}{(-2t+3)^2} = \frac{(-2t+3)(-2) - (-2t+1)(-2)}{(-2t+3)^2} = \frac{-4}{(-2t+3)^2}$$

$$a(t) = \frac{d}{dt} [-4(-2t+3)^{-2}] \quad \blacktriangleleft \text{Apply: } a(t) = \frac{d}{dt} v(t) \quad \frac{d}{dx} [f(x)]^n = n[f(x)]^{n-1} \frac{d}{dx} f(x)$$

$$= -4(-2)(-2t+3)^{-3}(-2) = \frac{-16}{(-2t+3)^3}$$

$$j(t) = \frac{d}{dt} [-16(-2t+3)^{-3}] = -16(-3)(-2t+3)^{-4}(-2) = \frac{-96}{(-2t+3)^4} \quad \blacktriangleleft \text{Apply: } j(t) = \frac{d}{dt} a(t)$$

$$5. v(t) = \frac{d}{dt} \frac{-4t+5}{-2t+5} \quad \blacktriangleleft \text{Apply: } v(t) = \frac{d}{dt} s(t) \quad \frac{d}{dx} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \frac{g(x) \frac{d}{dx} f(x) - f(x) \frac{d}{dx} g(x)}{g^2(x)}$$

$$= \frac{(-2t+5)\frac{d}{dt}(-4t+5) - (-4t+5)\frac{d}{dt}(-2t+5)}{(-2t+5)^2} = \frac{(-2t+5)(-4) - (-4t+5)(-2)}{(-2t+5)^2} = \frac{-10}{(-2t+5)^2}$$

$$a(t) = \frac{d}{dt}[-10(-2t+5)^{-2}] \quad \blacktriangleleft \text{Apply: } a(t) = \frac{d}{dt}v(t) \quad \frac{d}{dx}[f(x)]^n = n[f(x)]^{n-1}\frac{d}{dx}f(x)$$

$$= -10(-2)(-2t+5)^{-3}(-2) = \frac{-40}{(-2t+5)^3}$$

$$j(t) = \frac{d}{dt}[-40(-2t+5)^{-3}] = -40(-3)(-2t+5)^{-4}(-2) = \frac{-240}{(-2t+5)^4} \quad \blacktriangleleft \text{Apply: } j(t) = \frac{d}{dt}a(t)$$

$$6. v(t) = \frac{d}{dt} \frac{t-1}{-t+1} \quad \blacktriangleleft \text{Apply: } v(t) = \frac{d}{dt}s(t) \quad \frac{d}{dx} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \frac{g(x)\frac{d}{dx}f(x) - f(x)\frac{d}{dx}g(x)}{g^2(x)}$$

$$= \frac{(-t+1)\frac{d}{dt}(t-1) - (t-1)\frac{d}{dt}(-t+1)}{(-t+1)^2} = \frac{(-t+1)(1) - (t-1)(-1)}{(-t+1)^2} = \frac{0}{(-t+1)^2}$$

$$a(t) = \frac{d}{dt}[0(-t+1)^{-2}] \quad \blacktriangleleft \text{Apply: } a(t) = \frac{d}{dt}v(t) \quad \frac{d}{dx}[f(x)]^n = n[f(x)]^{n-1}\frac{d}{dx}f(x)$$

$$= 0(-2)(-t+1)^{-3}(-1) = \frac{0}{(-t+1)^3}$$

$$j(t) = \frac{d}{dt}[0(-t+1)^{-3}] = 0(-3)(-t+1)^{-4}(-1) = \frac{0}{(-t+1)^4} \quad \blacktriangleleft \text{Apply: } j(t) = \frac{d}{dt}a(t)$$

$$7. v(t) = \frac{d}{dt} \frac{-5t+3}{t-2} \quad \blacktriangleleft \text{Apply: } v(t) = \frac{d}{dt}s(t) \quad \frac{d}{dx} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \frac{g(x)\frac{d}{dx}f(x) - f(x)\frac{d}{dx}g(x)}{g^2(x)}$$

$$= \frac{(t-2)\frac{d}{dt}(-5t+3) - (-5t+3)\frac{d}{dt}(t-2)}{(t-2)^2} = \frac{(t-2)(-5) - (-5t+3)(1)}{(t-2)^2} = \frac{7}{(t-2)^2}$$

$$a(t) = \frac{d}{dt}[7(t-2)^{-2}] \quad \blacktriangleleft \text{Apply: } a(t) = \frac{d}{dt}v(t) \quad \frac{d}{dx}[f(x)]^n = n[f(x)]^{n-1}\frac{d}{dx}f(x)$$

$$= 7(-2)(t-2)^{-3}(1) = \frac{-14}{(t-2)^3}$$

$$j(t) = \frac{d}{dt}[-14(t-2)^{-3}] = -14(-3)(t-2)^{-4}(1) = \frac{42}{(t-2)^4} \quad \blacktriangleleft \text{Apply: } j(t) = \frac{d}{dt}a(t)$$

$$8. v(t) = \frac{d}{dt} \frac{-2t+2}{2t-2} \quad \blacktriangleleft \text{Apply: } v(t) = \frac{d}{dt}s(t) \quad \frac{d}{dx} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \frac{g(x)\frac{d}{dx}f(x) - f(x)\frac{d}{dx}g(x)}{g^2(x)}$$

$$= \frac{(2t-2)\frac{d}{dt}(-2t+2) - (-2t+2)\frac{d}{dt}(2t-2)}{(2t-2)^2} = \frac{(2t-2)(-2) - (-2t+2)(2)}{(2t-2)^2} = \frac{0}{(2t-2)^2}$$

$$a(t) = \frac{d}{dt}[0(2t-2)^{-2}] \quad \blacktriangleleft \text{Apply: } a(t) = \frac{d}{dt}v(t) \quad \frac{d}{dx}[f(x)]^n = n[f(x)]^{n-1}\frac{d}{dx}f(x)$$

$$= 0(-2)(2t-2)^{-3}(2) = \frac{0}{(2t-2)^3}$$

$$j(t) = \frac{d}{dt}[0(2t-2)^{-3}] = 0(-3)(2t-2)^{-4}(2) = \frac{0}{(2t-2)^4} \quad \blacktriangleleft \text{Apply: } j(t) = \frac{d}{dt}a(t)$$

$$9. v(t) = \frac{d}{dt} \frac{3t+1}{-t+3} \quad \blacktriangleleft \text{Apply: } v(t) = \frac{d}{dt}s(t) \quad \frac{d}{dx} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \frac{g(x)\frac{d}{dx}f(x) - f(x)\frac{d}{dx}g(x)}{g^2(x)}$$

$$= \frac{(-t+3)\frac{d}{dt}(3t+1) - (3t+1)\frac{d}{dt}(-t+3)}{(-t+3)^2} = \frac{(-t+3)(3) - (3t+1)(-1)}{(-t+3)^2} = \frac{10}{(-t+3)^2}$$

$$a(t) = \frac{d}{dt}[10(-t+3)^{-2}] \quad \blacktriangleleft \text{Apply: } a(t) = \frac{d}{dt}v(t) \quad \frac{d}{dx}[f(x)]^n = n[f(x)]^{n-1}\frac{d}{dx}f(x)$$

$$= 10(-2)(-t+3)^{-3}(-1) = \frac{20}{(-t+3)^3}$$

$$j(t) = \frac{d}{dt}[20(-t+3)^{-3}] = 20(-3)(-t+3)^{-4}(-1) = \frac{60}{(-t+3)^4} \quad \blacktriangleleft \text{Apply: } j(t) = \frac{d}{dt}a(t)$$

$$10. v(t) = \frac{d}{dt} \frac{3t+3}{2t-2} \quad \blacktriangleleft \text{Apply: } v(t) = \frac{d}{dt}s(t) \quad \frac{d}{dx} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \frac{g(x)\frac{d}{dx}f(x) - f(x)\frac{d}{dx}g(x)}{g^2(x)}$$

$$= \frac{(2t-2)\frac{d}{dt}(3t+3) - (3t+3)\frac{d}{dt}(2t-2)}{(2t-2)^2} = \frac{(2t-2)(3) - (3t+3)(2)}{(2t-2)^2} = \frac{-12}{(2t-2)^2}$$

$$a(t) = \frac{d}{dt}[-12(2t-2)^{-2}] \quad \blacktriangleleft \text{Apply: } a(t) = \frac{d}{dt}v(t) \quad \frac{d}{dx}[f(x)]^n = n[f(x)]^{n-1}\frac{d}{dx}f(x)$$

$$= -12(-2)(2t-2)^{-3}(2) = \frac{48}{(2t-2)^3}$$

$$j(t) = \frac{d}{dt}[48(2t-2)^{-3}] = 48(-3)(2t-2)^{-4}(2) = \frac{-288}{(2t-2)^4} \quad \blacktriangleleft \text{Apply: } j(t) = \frac{d}{dt}a(t)$$